# **Innovati's RF24G**

### Wireless Bidirectional Transceiver Module

Version: V1.0



**Product Overview:** Innovati's RF24G module is a user-friendly bidirectional wireless transmitter/receiver module. It allows the user to transmit the data in various formats by using a single command through the connection of cmdBUS to the BASIC Commander. With the dynamic configurations through the software, the user can switch the transmission/reception modes any time so as to change the transmission channel and identification code.

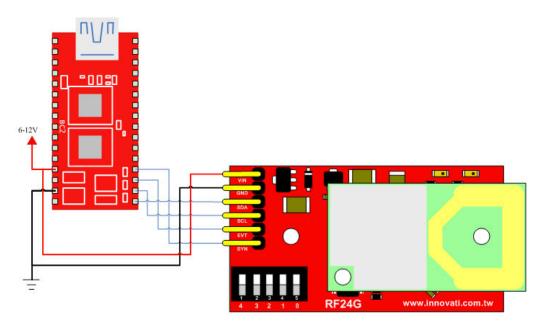
#### **Applications:**

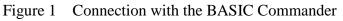
- Wireless transmission of various data formats.
- > Transmission of control signals to achieve the goal of wireless remote control.
- ➢ With the collaboration of four RF24G modules at the same time, full-duplex communications can be achieved.

#### **Product Features:**

- ▶ Frequency band of the wireless transmission: 2.4 ~ 2.524 GHz.
- ➢ Wireless transmission mode: GFSK.
- The user can switch the operation mode of the module as a transmitter or a receiver any time.
- > The user can switch among the 125 channels dynamically through the software.
- ➢ Output power: 0 dBm.
- Data transfer rate: 250 Kbps.
- > The wireless transmission coverage is up to about 280 meters.
- With the built-in antenna, no external antenna is required.
- Provides 256 sets of ID codes and Reg codes for the user to switch the identification dynamically through the software any time.
- The user can store the data to be transmitted in the built-in temporary space first and then transmit them in a batch by using the command. Up to 40 Bytes can be stored.
- Provides simple variable transmission commands. Different data types such as Byte, Word, and Dword can be transmitted through a single command.
- Provides string and array transmission commands. A string of up to 20 characters or an array of up to 20 Bytes can be transmitted at the same time.
- Measurement alarm events are provided. After the module is activated, when a new measurement is updated, an alarm event will be generated.
- Provides the configuration of transmission completion notification event, which can be activated as soon as the data transmission is completed.
- Provides the configuration of receipt completion notification event which will be activated as soon as the receipt of new data is completed.
- > Provides four levels of transmission signal strength: -20 dBm, -10 dBm, -5 dBm, and 0 dBm.
- By using commands, the user can read out the current settings for verification or determine if the received data is still not read out yet.

**Connection:** Place the ID switch on the required number directly, and then connect the cmdBUS to the corresponding pins on the BASIC Commander so that the user can perform the required operations through the BASIC Commander.





#### **Product Specifications:**

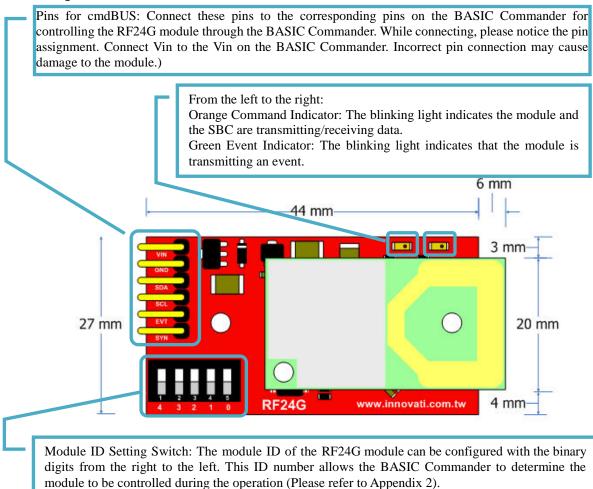


Figure 2 Description of pins and switches on the module

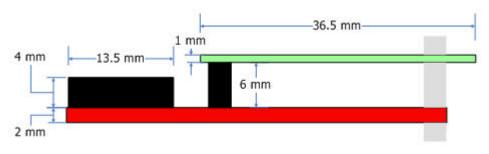


Figure 3 Side view of the module

#### **Precautions for Operations:**

• While the wireless transmission is being performed, please do not touch the antenna to avoid influencing the data transmission and reception.

Operating Temperature of the Module:  $0^{\circ}C \sim 70^{\circ}C$ Storage Temperature of the Module:  $-40^{\circ}C \sim 85^{\circ}C$ 

#### List of Commands:

The following list shows the commands dedicated to controlling the RF24G module. The command name and parameters which should be input are shown in bold or bold-italic typefaces. The words in bold typeface should not be changed while being input. The words in bold-italic typefaces can be filled with parameters in properly defined format by the user. Please note that the words in uppercase or lowercase are regarded as the same word while entering the command in the innoBASIC Workshop.

Before executing the command for RF24G, please define the corresponding parameters and the module ID at the beginning of the command, for example:

<b>Command Format</b>	<b>Command Function</b>						
Commands for data transmission and reception Transmission mode							
SendVar(Data)	Transmit the data specified by <i>Data</i> . The content of <i>Data</i> can be any value.						
SendArray(Array)	Transmit an array specified by <i>Array</i> . The content of <i>Array</i> is an array of data. The total size of the array should be less than or equal to 20 Bytes.						
SendString(String)	Transmit a string specified by <i>String</i> . The content of <i>String</i> is a string of characters. The total number of characters of the string should be less than or equal to 20 characters.						
BufferVar(Data)	Store the content of <i>Data</i> in the temporary memory for transmission (transmission buffer). The content of <i>Data</i> can be any value. *1						
BufferArray(Array)	Store the content of <i>Array</i> in the temporary memory for transmission (transmission buffer). The content of <i>Array</i> is an array of data. The total size of the array should be less than or equal to 20 Bytes. *1						
BufferString(String)	Store the content of <i>String</i> in the temporary memory for transmission (transmission buffer). The total number of characters of the string should be less than						

#### Peripheral ModuleName As RF24G @ ModuleID

this case, the notification event <b>DataLostEvent</b> will not be activated.
this case the notification event <b>Data I ast Event</b> will
Clear all the data stored in the receiving buffer. Using the command <b>GetStatus</b> , the retrieved value is 0. In
Receiving Mode
Clear all the data stored in the transmission buffer.
Transmission Mode
DataLostEvent will be activated.
DataLostEvent is enabled, the notification event
original data will be cleared. If the notification event
completely read and new data is being received, the
in the buffer. If there is still some data that is not
in the buffer. There will be up to 40 data items stored
(receiving buffer), i.e., 1 means that one data item is
data stored in the temporary memory for data receipt
<b>Status</b> = $1 \sim 40$ : The value represents the number of
temporary memory for data receipt (receiving buffer).
Status = 0: There is no newly received data in the
Receiving Mode
change the mode or status.
transmission commands and the <b>Config</b> command to
commands. It is not able to perform the data
module is ready only for receiving the mode setting
Status = 1: Data transmission in progress. The
commands.
ready for receipt of various data transmission
Status = 0: Ready for transmission. The module is
Transmission Mode
and receipt Transmission and receiving modes
defined in the transmitter.
of the <i>String</i> according its number of characters
<i>String</i> . It is necessary to set the number of characters
received data (receiving buffer) and then store it in
Get the data from the temporary memory for the
the transmitter.
of <i>Array</i> according its length and data type defined in
<i>Array</i> . It is necessary to set the length and data type
received data (receiving buffer) and then store it in
Get the data from the temporary memory for the
according its data type defined in the transmitter.
<i>Data</i> . It is necessary to set the data type for <i>Data</i>
received data (receiving buffer) and then store it in
Get the data from the temporary memory for the
and receipt Receiving mode
batch.
Transmit all the data stored in the temporary memory for transmission (transmission buffer) in a single
$\sim$

SetMode( <i>Mode</i> )	Set the operation mode of the module as the transmission mode or the receiving mode according to the value of <i>Mode</i> . $Mode = 0 \rightarrow$ Set the module in the transmission
Settviode( <i>mode</i> )	mode = 0 - Set the module in the transmission mode
	$Mode = 1 \rightarrow$ Set the module in the receiving mode
	The default value is 1 (receiving mode) $*2$
	Get the current mode setting and store it in <i>Mode</i>
	$Mode = 0 \rightarrow$ Set the module in the receiving mode
GetMode(Mode)	$Mode = 0$ $\rightarrow$ Set the module in the receiving mode $Mode = 1$ $\rightarrow$ Set the module in the transmission
	mode
	Set the channel to be used by the module with
	<i>Channel.</i> The input value of <i>Channel</i> can be an
SetCh(Channel)	integer in the range of $0$ ~124. The default value is 0.
	*2
	Get the current channel setting of the module and
GetCh(Channel)	store it in <i>Channel</i> . The retrieved value of <i>Channel</i>
× /	will be an integer in the range of $0$ ~124.
SetRFID(ID)	Set the identification code of the module with <i>ID</i> . The
	input value of <i>ID</i> can be an integer in the range of
	$0\sim255$ . The default value is 0. $*2$
	Get the current identification code of the module and
GetRFID( <i>ID</i> )	store it in <b>ID</b> . The retrieved value of <b>ID</b> will be an
	integer in the range of 0~255.
	Set the registration code of the module with <b><i>Reg</i></b> . The
SetRegCode( <i>Reg</i> )	input value of <i>Reg</i> can be an integer in the range of
	$0\sim255$ . The default value is 0. $*2$
	Get the current registration code of the module and
GetRegCode(Reg)	store it in <i>Reg</i> . The retrieved value of <i>Reg</i> will be an
	integer in the range of 0~255.
Config()	Load the preset mode, channel, ID code, and Reg
comig()	code into the module. <b>*</b> 2
	Set the transmission power of the module according
	to the value of <i>Power</i> . The input value of <i>Power</i> can
	be an integer in the range of $0 \sim 3$ .
SetPower(Power)	0: -20 dBm.
	1: -10 dBm.
	2: -5 dBm.
	3: 0 dBm.
	The default value is 3.
	Get the preset transmission power of the module and
GetPower(Power)	store it in <i>Power</i> . The retrieved value of <i>Power</i> will
	be an integer in the range of 0~3.
SoveConfig(N)	Store the channel, ID code and Reg code in the
SaveConfig(Num)	location specified by <i>Num</i> . The input value of <i>Num</i>
	can be an integer in the range of 1~10.
LoodConfig(March)	Get the channel, ID code and Reg code stored in the
LoadConfig(Num)	location specified by <i>Num</i> . The input value of <i>Num</i>
	can be an integer in the range of 0~10. The input

	value 0 is used for restoring the default settings.
<b>Commands for Notification Events</b>	
EnDataLostEvent()	Enable the data loss notification event. After this command is executed, the notification event <b>DataLostEvent</b> will be activated when the data is lost. The default setting is "enable." <b>*</b> 3
DisDataLostEvent()	Disable the data loss notification event. After this command is executed, the notification event <b>DataLostEvent</b> will not be activated when the data is lost. The default setting is "enable." <b>*</b> 3
EnTxReadyEvent()	Enable the transmission complete notification event. After this command is executed, the notification event <b>TxReadyEvent</b> will be activated when the data transmission is completed. The default setting is "disable."
DisValReadyEvent()	<ul> <li>Disable the transmission complete notification event.</li> <li>After this command is executed, the notification event <b>TxReadyEvent</b> will not be activated when the data transmission is completed. The default setting is "disable."</li> </ul>
EnRxReadyEvent()	Enable the receiving complete notification event. After this command is executed, the notification event <b>RxReadyEvent</b> will be activated when the data receipt is completed. The default setting is "disable."
DisRxReadyEvent()	<ul> <li>Disable the receipt complete notification event. After this command is executed, the notification event</li> <li><b>RxReadyEvent</b> will not be activated when the data receipt is completed. The default setting is "disable."</li> </ul>
EnBufferFullEvent()	Enable the notification event once the transmission buffer is full. After this command is executed, if the transmission buffer is full and the buffer-related command is performed, the notification event <b>BufferFullEvent</b> will be activated. The default setting is "enable."
DisBufferFullEvent()	Disable the notification event once the transmission buffer is full. After this command is executed, if the transmission buffer is full and the buffer-related command is performed, the notification event <b>BufferFullEvent</b> will not be activated. The default setting is "enable."
EnRxErrorEvent()	Enable the notification event for receiving error. After this command is executed, if the received data is determined internally as invalid data with CRC error or format error, the notification event <b>RxErrorEvent</b> will be activated. The default setting is "disable."
DisRxErrorEvent()	Disable the notification event for receiving error. After this command is executed, if the received data is determined internally as invalid data with CRC

error	or	format	error,	the	notifica	ation	event
RxEr	rorE	vent wil	l not b	be act	ivated.	The	default
setting	g is "	disable."					

\*1 The transmission buffer can store up to 40 Bytes of data. When the buffer is full and a buffer-related command is performed, the command will be invalid.

\*2 The transmission/receipt mode, channel, ID code and Reg code will not be updated immediately after the setting command. These four parameters will be updated and effective in a batch only after the command Config is executed.

3 The "data lost" here means that when the received data is not completely read before new data is being received, the data originally stored in the receiving buffer will be cleared and replaced by the newly received data.

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Event	Activation Condition				
	After the command <b>EnDataLostEvent</b> () is executed in the receiving mode, when the data originally stored in the receiving				
DataLostEvent	buffer is not completely read before the new data is being received				
	and thus buffer overwrite is detected, this notification event will be activated.				
	After the command EnTxReadyEvent () is executed in the				
TxReadyEvent	transmission mode, when the completion of data transmission is				
	detected, this notification event will be activated.				
	After the command EnRxReadyEvent () is executed in the				
RxReadyEvent	receiving mode, when the data stored in the receiving buffer has				
KXKCauyEvent	been completely read and new data is being received, this				
	notification event will be activated.				
	After the command EnBufferFullEvent () is executed in the				
BufferFullEvent	transmission mode, when the transmission buffer is full and a				
<b>Dunerr</b> une vent	Buffer-related task is performed, this notification event will be				
	activated.				
	After the command EnRxErrorEvent () is executed in the				
RxErrorEvent	receiving mode, if the received data is determined invalid data with				
	a CRC error or format error, this notification event will be activated.				

#### **Application Events Provided by the Module:**

#### **Demonstration Program:**

Demonstration program for RF24G as a tr	ransmitter	
Peripheral myT As RF24G @ 0	,	Set the module ID as 0
Dim g_bTxReady As Byte		Declare the variable for the transmission status
Sub Main()	,	Main program starts here
Dim bTx As Byte	,	Declare the variable for the data to be transmitted
Debug CLS	,	Clear the terminal display
myT.SetMode(0)	'	Set the mode as transmission mode
myT.SetCh(0)	'	Set the transmission channel as 0
myT.SetRFID(0)		Set the ID code as 0
myT.SetRegCode(0)		Set the Reg code as 0
myT.EnTxReadyEvent()		Enable the transmission complete notification event
myT.Config()	,	Update the setting values

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• Use the FOR loop to repeat the transmission operation a hundred times

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For bTx=1 To 100	'	Perform the FOR loop a hundred times
$g_bTxReady = 0$	'	Clear the transmission status
myT.SendVar(bTx)	,	Transmit the content of bTx

TT .1	DO	1 .	• .	c	. 1		1	C .1		. •
Lise the	1)()	loon t	o wait	tor	the	comr	Netion	of the	e transmission	operation
0 se the	20	1000 1	o want	101	une .	comp	neuon	or un	c u unsinnssion	operation

Use the DO loop to wait for the completion of the	transm	ission operation
Do		
Loop Until g_bTxReady=1		
Debug CSRXY(1, 1), %DEC3R bTx	,	Display the transmitted values on the terminal display
Pause 1000	'	Wait for a period of time before the receiver starts receiving
Next		
Debug CSRXY(1, 2), "Transmission complete"	,	Display that the transmission is complete
End Sub		
	,	
Event myT.TxReadyEvent()		Notification event for transmission complete
$g_bTxReady = 1$	,	Set the transmission status as 1
End Event		

Demonstration program for RF24G as a receiver '\_ \_\_\_\_\_ . Peripheral myR As RF24G @ 31 Set the module ID as 31 Dim g\_bRxReady As Byte Declare the variable for receiving status Sub Main() Main program starts here Dim bRx As Byte , Declare the variable for the received data Debug CLS Clear the terminal display myR.SetMode(1) Set the mode as receiving mode myR.SetCh(0) Set the transmission channel as 0 myR.SetRFID(0) Set the ID code as 0 myR.SetRegCode(0) Set the Reg code as 0 myR.EnRxReadyEvent() Enable the receiving complete notification event myR.Config() Update the setting values ·\_\_\_\_\_ Use the DO loop to wait for the last data item to be received \_\_\_\_\_ '\_\_\_\_\_ Do ·\_\_\_\_\_ Use the DO loop to wait for the receipt of data '\_\_\_\_\_ Do Loop Until g\_bRxReady=1 myR.GetVar(bRx) Read the received data value ,  $g_bRxReady = 0$ Clear the transmission status Debug CSRXY(1, 1), %DEC3R bRx ' Display the received values on the terminal display Loop Until bRx=100

Debug CSRXY(1, 2), "Receiving complete" Displays that the receipt is completed End Sub

Event myR.RxReadyEvent() Notification event for receipt complete .  $g_bRxReady = 1$ Set the receiving status as 1 End Event

## Appendix

1. Known problems:

	0		8		16		24
	1	4 3 2 1 0	9	43210	17		25
	2	4 3 2 1 0	10		18		26
	3	4 3 2 1 0	11		19		27
	4	4 3 2 1 0	12	4 3 2 1 0	20		28
	5	4 3 2 1 0	13	43210	21		29
	6		14		22	4 3 2 1 0	30
4 3 2 1 0	7		15		23		31

2. List of the Configuration of the Module ID Switch: